# **Certification Report**

BSI-CC-PP-0093-2017

for

Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0

developed by

European Commission - Joint Research Centre

Federal Office for Information Security (BSI), Postfach 20 03 63, 53133 Bonn, Germany Phone +49 (0)228 99 9582-0, Fax +49 (0)228 9582-5477, Infoline +49 (0)228 99 9582-111

Certification Report V1.0 CC-PP-414 V3.2





#### BSI-CC-PP-0093-2017

Common Criteria Protection Profile

Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0

developed by European Commission - Joint Research Centre

Assurance Package claimed in the Protection Profile:

Common Criteria Part 3 conformant EAL4 augmented by ATE DPT.2 and AVA VAN.5

Valid until 18 May 2027





The Protection Profile identified in this certificate has been evaluated at an approved evaluation facility using the Common Methodology for IT Security Evaluation (CEM), Version 3.1 for conformance to the Common Criteria for IT Security Evaluation (CC), Version 3.1. CC and CEM are also published as ISO/IEC 15408 and ISO/IEC 18045.

This certificate applies only to the specific version and release of the Protection Profile and in conjunction with the complete Certification Report.

The evaluation has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the certification scheme of the German Federal Office for Information Security (BSI) and the conclusions of the evaluation facility in the evaluation technical report are consistent with the evidence adduced.

This certificate is not an endorsement of the Protection Profile by the Federal Office for Information Security or any other organisation that recognises or gives effect to this certificate, and no warranty of the Protection Profile by the Federal Office for Information Security or any other organisation that recognises or gives effect to this certificate, is either expressed or implied.



Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement

Bonn, 19 May 2017 For the Federal Office for Information Security

Bernd Kowalski Head of Department

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#### A Certification

### 1 Preliminary Remarks

Under the Act on the Federal Office for Information Security (BSIG), the Federal Office for Information Security (BSI) has the task of issuing certificates for information technology products as well as for Protection Profiles (PP).

A PP defines an implementation-independent set of IT security requirements for a category of products which are intended to meet common consumer needs for IT security. A PP claimed by a user, consumer or stakeholder for IT gives them the possibility to express their IT security needs without referring to a special product. Product certifications can be based on Protection Profiles. For products which have been certified based on a Protection Profile an individual certificate will be issued but the results from a PP certification can be re-used for the Security Taget evaluation within a product evaluation when conformance to the PP has been claimed.

Certification of the Protection Profile is carried out on the instigation of the BSI or a sponsor. A part of the procedure is the technical examination (evaluation) of the Protection Profile according to Common Criteria [1]. The evaluation is normally carried out by an evaluation facility recognised by the BSI or by BSI itself. The result of the certification procedure is the present Certification Report. This report contains among others the certificate (summarised assessment) and the detailed Certification Results.

### 2 Specifications of the Certification Procedure

The certification body conducts the procedure according to the criteria laid down in the following:

- Act on the Federal Office for Information Security (BSIG)<sup>1</sup>
- BSI Certification and Approval Ordinance<sup>2</sup>
- BSI Schedule of Costs<sup>3</sup>
- Special decrees issued by the Bundesministerium des Innern (Federal Ministry of the Interior)
- DIN EN ISO/IEC 17065 standard
- BSI certification: Scheme documentation describing the certification process (CC-Produkte) [3], including PP Certification
- BSI certification: Scheme documentation on requirements for the Evaluation Facility, its approval and licencing process (CC-Stellen) [3]
- Common Criteria for IT Security Evaluation (CC), Version 3.1<sup>4</sup> [1] also published as ISO/IEC 15408
- Act on the Federal Office for Information Security (BSI-Gesetz BSIG) of 14 August 2009, Bundesgesetzblatt I p. 2821
- Ordinance on the Procedure for Issuance of Security Certificates and approval by the Federal Office for Information Security (BSI-Zertifizierungs- und -Anerkennungsverordnung BSIZertV) of 17 December 2014, Bundesgesetzblatt 2014, part I, no. 61, p. 2231
- Schedule of Cost for Official Procedures of the Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik (BSI-Kostenverordnung, BSI-KostV) of 03 March 2005, Bundesgesetzblatt I p. 519
- Proclamation of the Bundesministerium des Innern of 12 February 2007 in the Bundesanzeiger dated 23 February 2007

 Common Methodology for IT Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 [2] also published as ISO/IEC 18045

- BSI certification: Application Notes and Interpretation of the Scheme (AIS) [4]
- Internal procedure for the issuance of a PP certificate

### 3 Recognition Agreements

In order to avoid multiple certification of the same Protection Profile in different countries a mutual recognition of IT security certificates - as far as such certificates are based on CC - under certain conditions was agreed. Therefore, the results of this evaluation and certification procedure can be re-used by the product certificate issuing scheme in the evaluation of a Security Target within a subsequent product evaluation and certification procedure.

### 3.1 European Recognition of ITSEC/CC – Certificates (SOGIS-MRA)

The SOGIS-Mutual Recognition Agreement (SOGIS-MRA) Version 3 became effective in April 2010. It defines the recognition of certificates for IT-Products at a basic recognition level up to and including Common Criteria (CC) Evaluation Assurance Levels EAL 4 and ITSEC Evaluation Assurance Levels E 3 (basic), and in addition at higher recognition levels for IT-Products related to certain technical domains only. In addition, certificates issued for Protection Profiles based on Common Criteria are part of the recognition agreement.

The SOGIS-MRA logo printed on the certificate indicates that it is recognised under the terms of this agreement by the nations involved.

Details on recognition, technical domains and the agreement itself can be found at <a href="http://www.sogisportal.eu">http://www.sogisportal.eu</a>.

### 3.2 International Recognition of CC – Certificates (CCRA)

The international Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA) became effictive in September 2014 in its current version. It defines the recognition of certificates for IT-products based on collaborative Protection Profiles (cPP) (exact use), CC certificates based on assurance components up to and including EAL 2 or the assurance family Flaw Remediation (ALC\_FLR) and CC certificates for Protection Profiles and for collaborative Protection Profiles (cPP). In certain cases certificates issued during a transition period until September 2017 are recognised up to EAL 4.

The Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement logo printed on the certificate indicates that this certification is recognised under the terms of this agreement by the nations involved.

Details on recognition and the agreement itself can be found at http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org.

#### 4 Performance of Evaluation and Certification

The certification body monitors each individual evaluation to ensure a uniform procedure, a uniform interpretation of the criteria and uniform ratings.

The PP Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0 has undergone the certification procedure at BSI.

The evaluation of the PP Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0 was conducted by the ITSEF T-Systems GEI. The evaluation was completed on 15 May 2017. The ITSEF T-Systems GEI is an evaluation facility (ITSEF)<sup>5</sup> recognised by the certification body of BSI.

For this certification procedure the sponsor and applicant is: European Commission - Joint Research Centre.

The certification is concluded with the comparability check and the production of this Certification Report. This work was completed by the BSI.

### 5 Validity of the certification result

This Certification Report only applies to the version of the Protection Profile as indicated.

In case of changes to the certified version of the Protection Profile, the validity can be extended to new versions and releases, provided the sponsor applies for assurance continuity (i.e. re-certification or maintenance) of the modified Protection Profile, in accordance with the procedural requirements, and the evaluation does not reveal any security deficiencies.

For the meaning of the CC concepts and terms please refer to CC [1] Part 1 for the concept of PPs, to CC [1] Part 2 for the definition of Security Functional Requirements components (SFR) and to CC [1] Part 3 for the definition of the Security Assurance Components, for the class AVA Vulnerability assessment and for the cross reference of Evaluation Assurance Levels (EALs) and assurance components.

The validity of this certificate ends as outlined on the certificate. The applicant and the sponsor of this certificate are recommended to review the technical content of the Protection Profile certified according to the evolvement of the technology and of the intended operational environment of the type of product concerned as well as according to the evolvement of the evaluation criteria. Such review should result in an update and a recertification of the Protection Profile accordingly. Typically, technical standards are reviewed on a five years basis.

The limitation of validity of this PP certificate does not necessarily impact the validity period of a product certificate referring to this Protection Profile, but the certification body issuing a product certificate based on this Protection Profile should take it into its consideration on validity.

#### 6 Publication

The PP Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0 has been included in the BSI list of the certified Protection Profiles, which is published regularly (see also Internet: <a href="https://www.bsi.bund.de">https://www.bsi.bund.de</a> and [5]). Further information can be obtained from BSI-Infoline +49 228 9582-111.

The Certification Report may be obtained in electronic form at the internet address stated above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Information Technology Security Evaluation Facility

### **B** Certification Results

The following results represent a summary of

- the certified Protection Profile,
- the relevant evaluation results from the evaluation facility, and
- complementary notes and stipulations of the certification body.

#### 1 Protection Profile Overview

The Protection Profile Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0 [6] is established by the European Commission as a basis for the development of Security Targets in order to perform a certification of an IT product, the Target of Evaluation (TOE).

The TOE addressed by this protection profile is a second generation tachograph motion sensor in the sense of [8] Annex 1C, intended to be used in the digital tachograph system. The digital tachograph system additionally contains a vehicle unit, tachograph cards, an external GNSS module (if applicable) and remote early detection communication readers.

A motion sensor is installed within a road transport vehicle as part of a digital tachograph system. Its purpose is to provide a vehicle unit with motion data that accurately reflects the vehicle's speed and distance travelled.

The motion sensor is mechanically interfaced to a moving part of the vehicle, which movement is representative of the vehicle's speed and distance travelled. It may be located in the vehicle's gear box or in any other part of the vehicle.

The motion sensor aims to protect data that is stored and transferred in such a way as to prevent unauthorised access to and manipulation of the data, and to detect and report any such attempts.

The assets to be protected by a TOE claiming conformance to this PP are defined in the Protection Profile [6], chapter 3.1. Based on these assets the security problem definition is defined in terms of assumptions, threats and organisational security policies. This is outlined in the Protection Profile [6], chapter 3.2, 3.3 and 3.4.

These assumptions, threats and organisational security policies are split into security objectives to be fulfilled by a TOE claiming conformance to this PP and security objectives to be fulfilled by the operational environment of a TOE claiming conformance to this PP. These objectives are outlined in the PP [6], chapter 4.

The Protection Profile [6] requires a Security Target based on this PP or another PP claiming this PP to fulfil the CC requirements for strict conformance.

To support proper and consistant usage of the PP, it is supplemented by the Supporting Documents [8].

## 2 Security Functional Requirements

Based on the security objectives to be fulfilled by a TOE claiming conformance to this PP the security policy is expressed by the set of security functional requirements (SFR) to be implemented by a TOE. It covers the following issues:

- Vehicle Unit identification and authentication;
- Access control to functions and stored data;
- Alerting of events and faults;
- Integrity of stored data;
- Reliability of services, including self-testing, physical protection, control of executable code, resource management, and secure handling of events;
- Data exchange with a Vehicle Unit;

 Cryptographic support for VU to motion sensor mutual authentication and secure messaging according to [REG] Annex 1C, Appendix 11.

These TOE security functional requirements are outlined in the PP [6], chapter 6.1. They are all selected from Common Criteria Part 2. Thus the SFR claim is called:

Common Criteria Part 2 conformant

### 3 Assurance Requirements

The TOE security assurance package claimed in the Protection Profile is based entirely on the assurance components defined in part 3 of the Common Criteria. Thus, this assurance package is called:

Common Criteria Part 3 conformant EAL 4 augmented by ATE DPT.2 and AVA VAN.5

(for the definition and scope of assurance packages according to CC see [1], part 3 for details).

#### 4 Results of the PP-Evaluation

The Evaluation Technical Report (ETR) [6] was provided by the ITSEF according to the Common Criteria [1], the Methodology [2], the requirements of the Scheme [3] and all Application Notes and Interpretations of the Scheme (AIS) [4] as relevant for the TOE.

As a result of the evaluation the verdict PASS is confirmed for the assurance components of the class APE.

The following assurance components were used:

APE INT.1 PP introduction

APE CCL.1 Conformance claims

APE SPD.1 Security problem definition

APE OBJ.2 Security objectives

APE ECD.1 Extended components definition

APE REQ.2 Derived security requirements

The results of the evaluation are only applicable to the Protection Profile as defined in chapter 1.

### 5 Obligations and notes for the usage

The following aspects need to be fulfilled when using the Protection Profile:

- The Protection Profile contains application notes, the author of a product specific security target needs to consider
- Usage of the Supporting Documents [8]

#### 6 Protection Profile Document

The Protection Profile Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0 [6] is being provided within a separate document as Annex A of this report.

#### 7 Definitions

### 7.1 Acronyms

AIS Application Notes and Interpretations of the Scheme

BSI Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik / Federal Office for

Information Security, Bonn, Germany

**BSIG** BSI-Gesetz / Act on the Federal Office for Information Security

CCRA Common Criteria Recognition ArrangementCC Common Criteria for IT Security Evaluation

**CEM** Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation

**EAL** Evaluation Assurance Level

**EGF** External GNSS Facility

**ETR** Evaluation Technical Report

**GNSS** Global Navigation Satellite System

IT Information Technology

MS Motion Sensor

**PP** Protection Profile

**SAR** Security Assurance Requirement

**SF** Security Function

**SFP** Security Function Policy

**SFR** Security Functional Requirement

ST Security Target
TC Tachograph Card

**TOE** Target of Evaluation

**TSF** TOE Security Functionality

VU Vehicle Unit

#### 7.2 Glossary

Augmentation - The addition of one or more requirement(s) to a package.

**Extension** - The addition to an ST or PP of functional requirements not contained in part 2 and/or assurance requirements not contained in part 3 of the CC.

**Formal** - Expressed in a restricted syntax language with defined semantics based on well-established mathematical concepts.

Informal - Expressed in natural language.

**Object** - A passive entity in the TOE, that contains or receives information, and upon which subjects perform operations.

**Protection Profile** - An implementation-independent statement of security needs for a TOE type.

**Security Target** - An implementation-dependent statement of security needs for a specific identified TOE.

**Semiformal** - Expressed in a restricted syntax language with defined semantics.

**Subject** - An active entity in the TOE that performs operations on objects.

**Target of Evaluation** - A set of software, firmware and/or hardware possibly accompanied by quidance.

**TOE Security Functionality** - Combined functionality of all hardware, software, and firmware of a TOE that must be relied upon for the correct enforcement of the SFRs.

### 8 Bibliography

- [1] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1, Part 1: Introduction and general model, Revision 4, September 2012 Part 2: Security functional components, Revision 4, September 2012 Part 3: Security assurance components, Revision 4, September 2012 <a href="http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org">http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org</a>
- [2] Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation (CEM), Evaluation Methodology, Version 3.1, Revision 4, September 2012 <a href="http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org">http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org</a>
- [3] BSI certification: Scheme documentation describing the certification process (CC-Produkte) and Scheme documentation on requirements for the Evaluation Facility, approval and licencing (CC-Stellen), https://www.bsi.bund.de/zertifizierung
- [4] Application Notes and Interpretations of the Scheme (AIS) as relevant for the TOE<sup>6</sup>.
- [5] German IT Security Certificates (BSI 7148), periodically updated list published also on the BSI Website
- [6] Common Criteria Protection Profile Digital Tachograph Moton Sensor (MS PP), BSI-CC-PP-0093, Version 1.0, 9 May 2017, European Commission Joint Research Centre
- [7] Evaluation Technical Report BSI-CC-PP-0093, Version 1.0, 10 May 2017, T-Systems GEI GmbH (confidential document)
- [8] Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/799 of 18 March 2016 implementing Regulation (EU) 165/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down the requirements for the construction, testing, installation, operation and repair of tachographs and their components, Annex I C, <a href="http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32016R0799">http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX:32016R0799</a>

<sup>6</sup> specially

AIS 32, Version 7, CC-Interpretationen im deutschen Zertifizierungsschema

#### C **Annexes**

### List of annexes of this certification report

Protection Profile Digital Tachograph - Motion Sensor (MS PP), Version 1.0 [6] provided within a separate document. Annex A:

Note: End of report